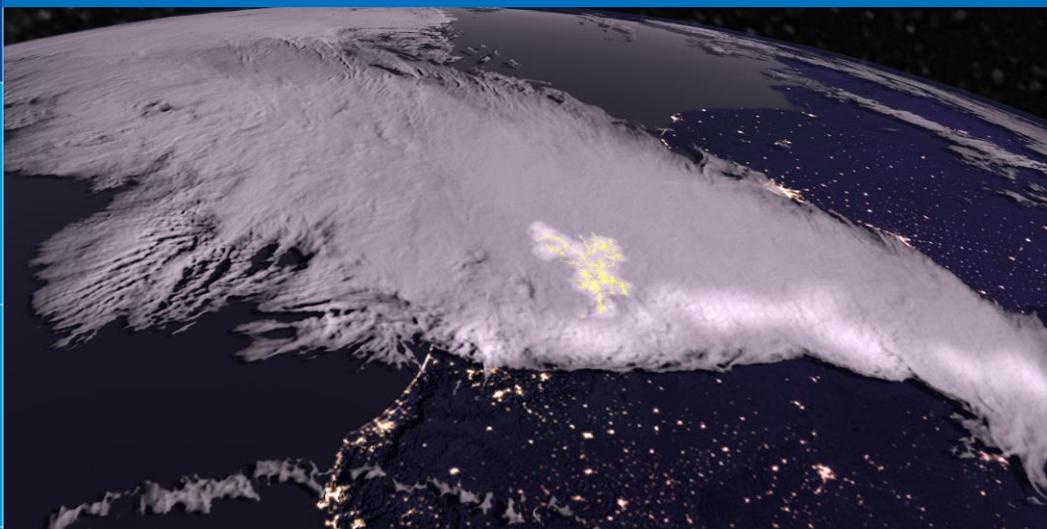




**NOAA**

# GLM Value Assessment Briefing (Version 1.2)

Scott Rudlosky, NESDIS/STAR  
Community Meeting on NOAA Satellites  
30 September 2020

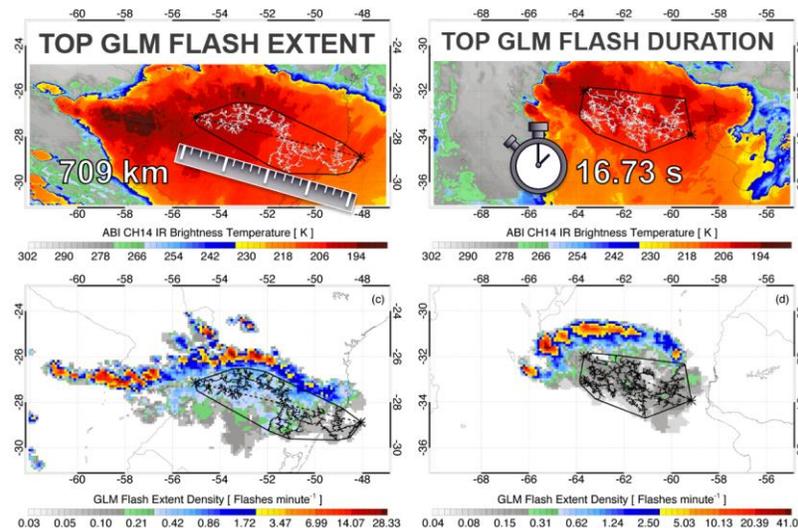


# GLM Value Assessment Overview



- Geostationary Lightning Mapper (GLM) value assessment (VA) aims to advise future satellite architecture decisions
- Societal and forecast benefits are captured regardless of whether than can be quantified in dollars
- Study evaluates GLM value by documenting benefits to the public via decisions made by end users
- Identify well documented benefit pools where the GLM adds value, and suggest analysis required to accurately document which fraction of this potential value is being realized
- Operational use cases help illustrate GLM value being realized through operational decisions by a wide variety of decision makers (i.e., both NWS and non-NWS)

## World Record Lightning Flashes



- *Megaflashes can individually produce up to 100 CGs*
- *Larger megaflashes more likely to have more CGs*
- *CGs can occur over 80% of the megaflash extent*
- ***Challenges the 30/30 rule!***

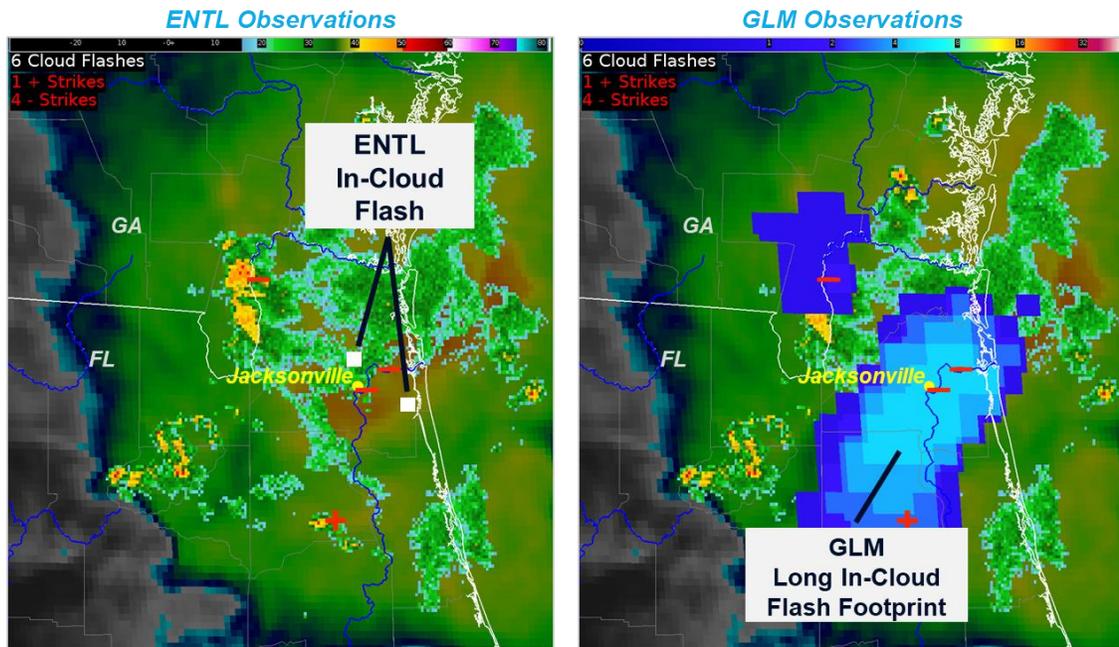
*\*CG = cloud-to-ground lightning strike*



# Improving Lightning Safety



- The GLM improves public safety across broad segments of society, and the socioeconomic benefit continues to grow as access is gained by users traditionally unable to afford lightning data (e.g., emergency managers, event organizers, local athletics officials, and the public)



*GLM depicts the entire flash footprint, revealing a connection between these distant storm cores not readily apparent with the ENTNLN flash locations*



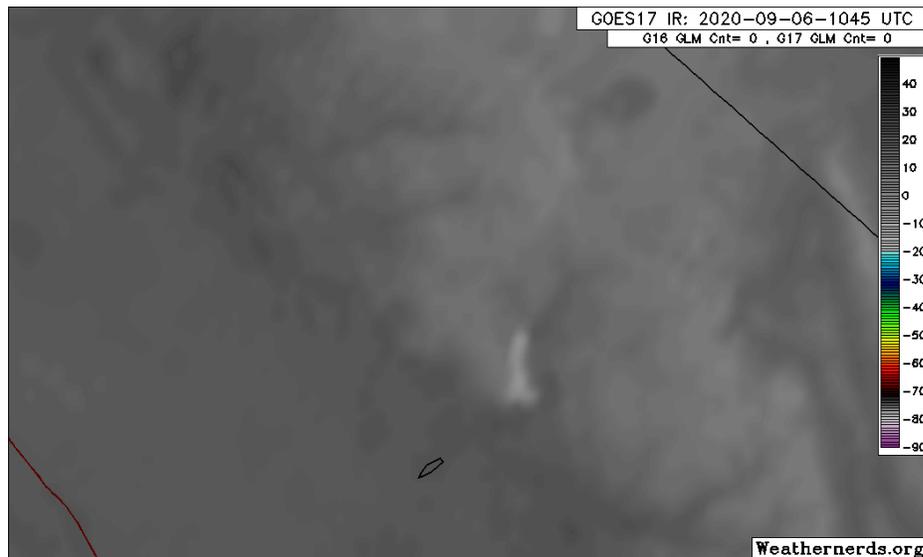
*Video shows long lightning channel striking ground several km apart*



# Improving Safety and Effectiveness of Wildfire Response



- The GLM benefits the firefighting community through unique identification of continuing current lightning strikes most likely to ignite fires, better pyrocumulonimbus characterization, and thunderstorm tracking in areas lacking robust radar coverage.



## CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE FIRE SUMMARY

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 2020



OVER 300  
DOZERS

270  
FIRE CREWS

OVER 15,600  
FIREFIGHTERS/PERSONNEL

OVER 370  
WATERTENDERS

OVER 2,400  
FIRE ENGINES

MORE THAN 15,600 FIREFIGHTERS TODAY ARE BATTLING OVER TWO DOZEN MAJOR FIRES AND LIGHTNING COMPLEXES ACROSS CALIFORNIA. IN THE PAST 24-HOURS THERE WERE OVER TWO DOZEN LIGHTNING STRIKES IN NORTHERN CALIFORNIA. SINCE THE LIGHTNING SIEGE THAT STARTED ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 2020, THERE HAVE BEEN MORE THAN 700 NEW WILDFIRES, WHICH HAVE NOW BURNED OVER 1.35 MILLION ACRES.



## California Statewide Fire Summary Sunday, September 27, 2020

Today there are **17,000** firefighters battling **26** wildfires that in total have burned over **3.3** million acres

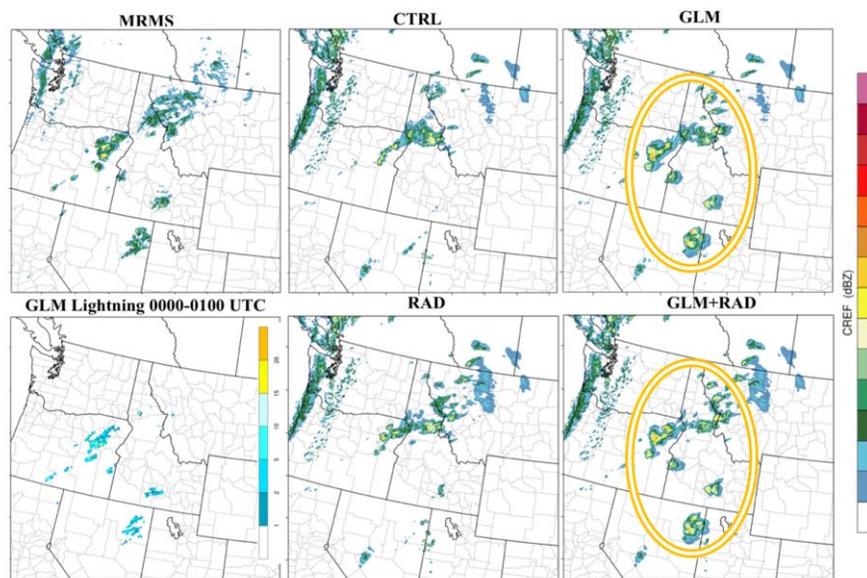


# Improving Short-term Model Forecasts (Data Assimilation)



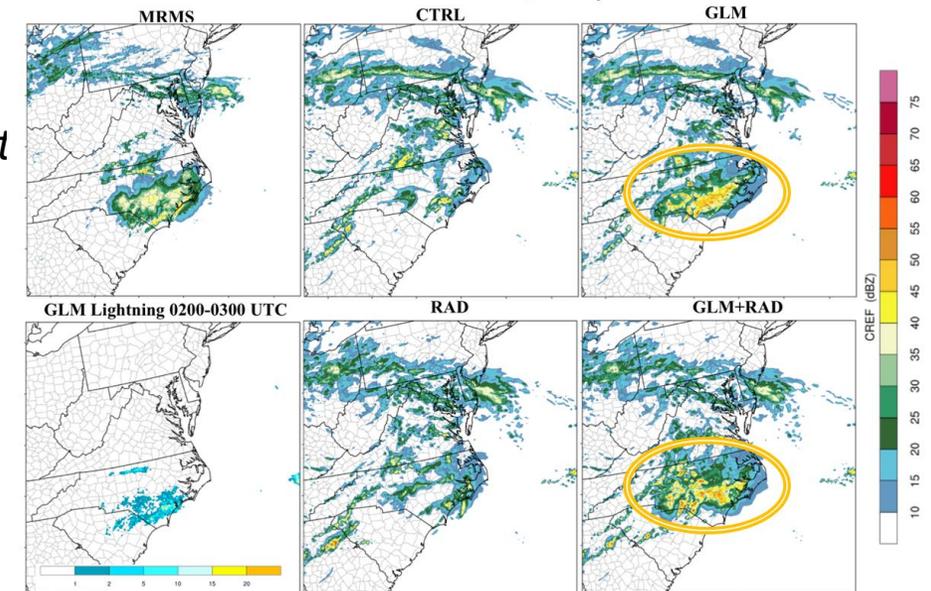
- Lightning data assimilation (DA) is relatively new, especially GLM DA, but early results indicate many benefits, especially for short-range forecasts of radar reflectivity, accumulated precipitation, and lightning threat in convection-allowing models.

1-h Forecast CREF from 00Z April 30, 2020 (subdomain #1)



Recent results from Hu et al. 2020 and Fierro et al. (2020) describing experiments at the Hazardous Weather Testbed (presented at the GLM science meeting, manuscripts under review).

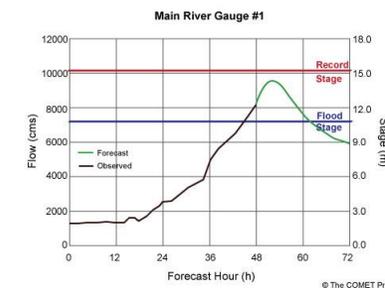
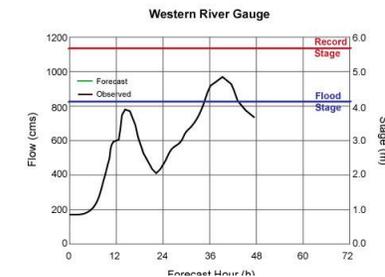
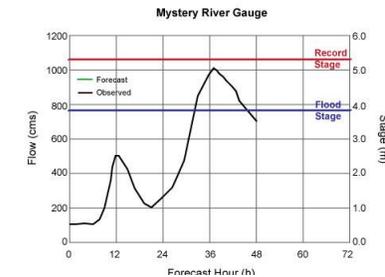
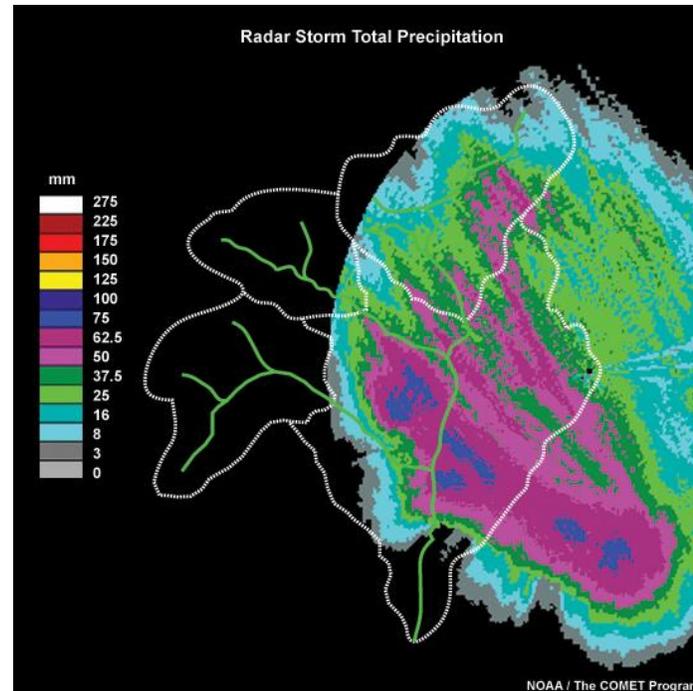
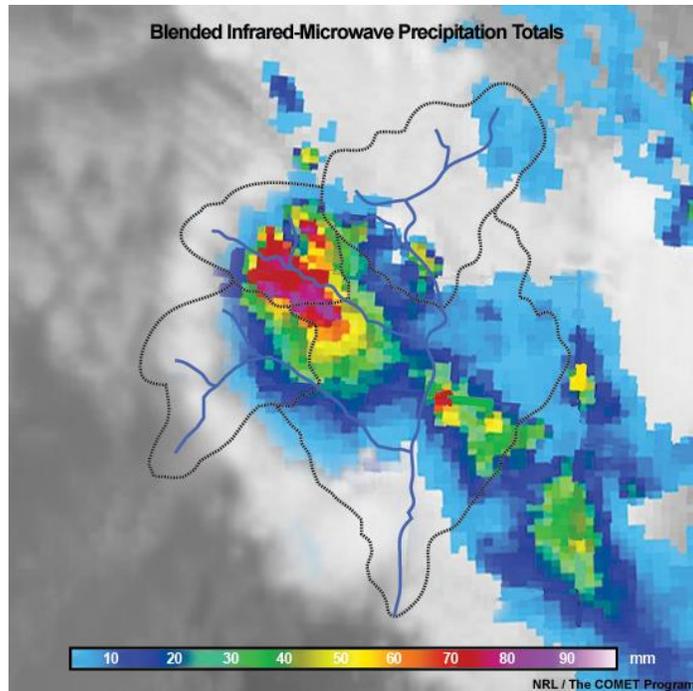
3-h Forecast CREF from 00Z, 6 May 2020



# Improving Precipitation Estimation



- The GLM observations improve satellite precipitation estimates, benefiting flash flood forecasting in significant portions of the western US, Hawaii, and US territorial islands without adequate radar coverage.



Example from COMET flood forecasting training

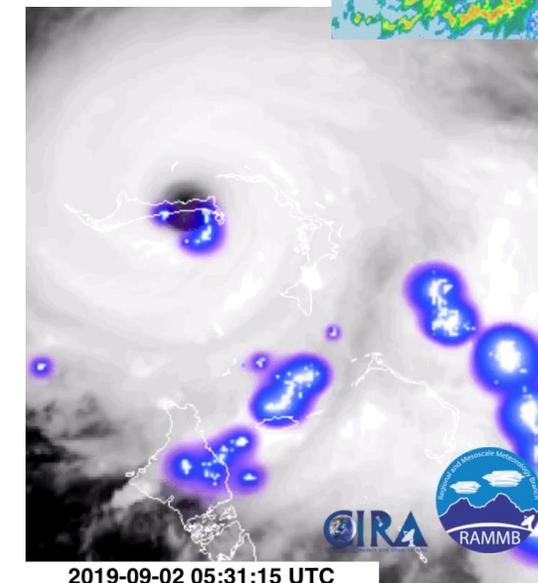
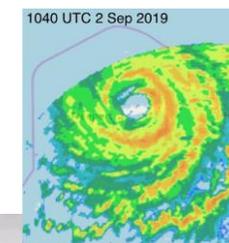
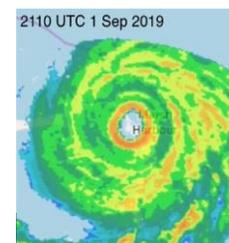
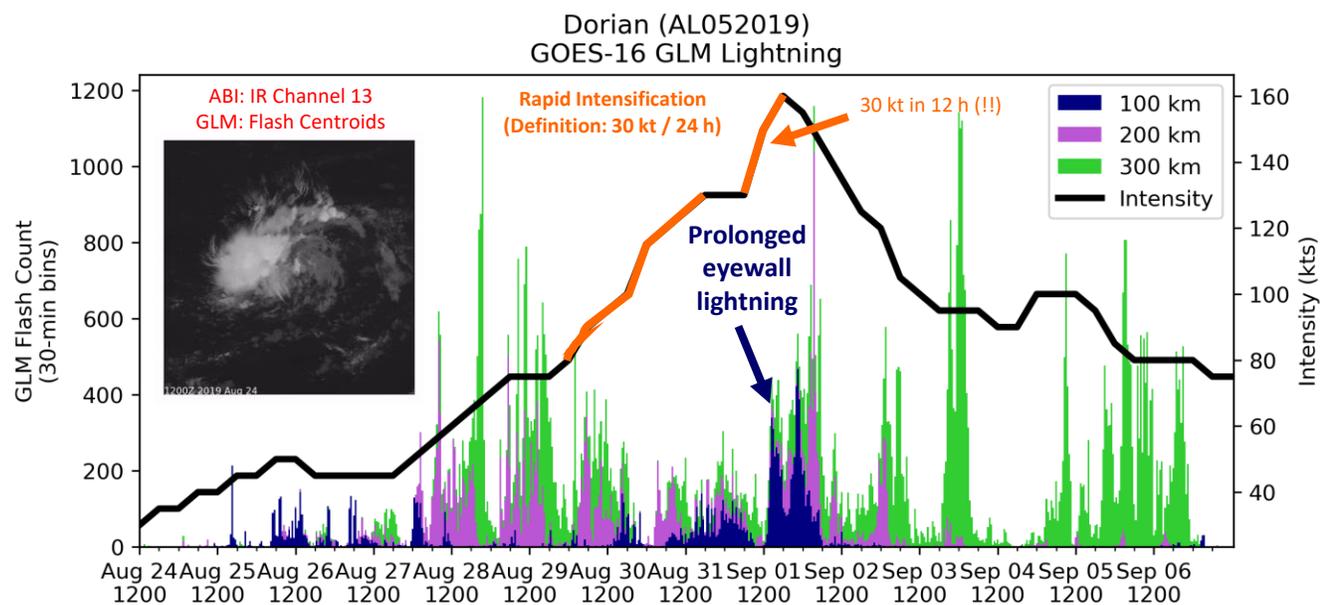
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# Improving Tropical Cyclone Diagnosis and Warning



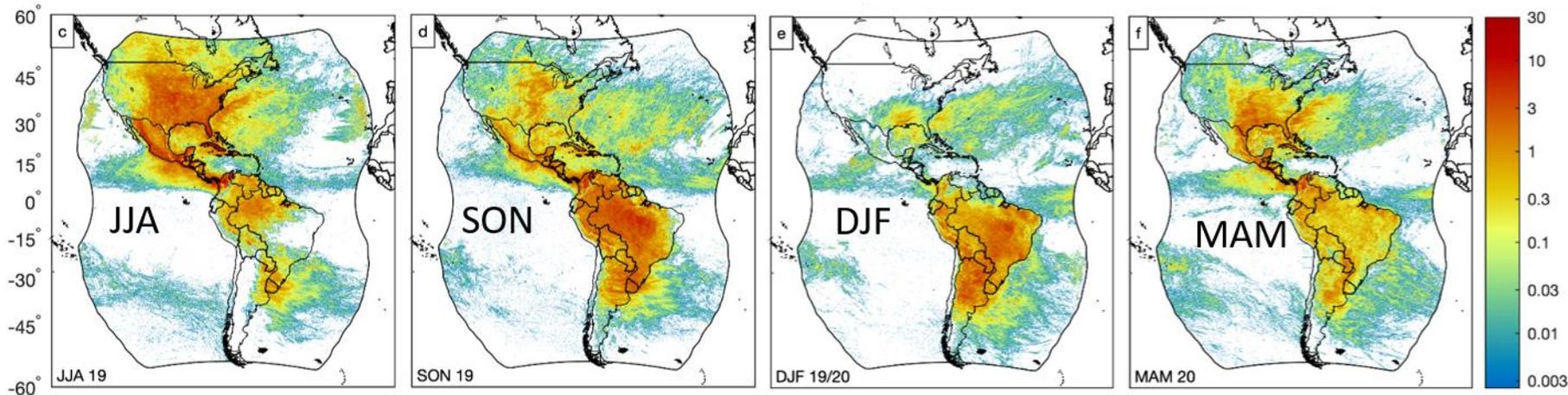
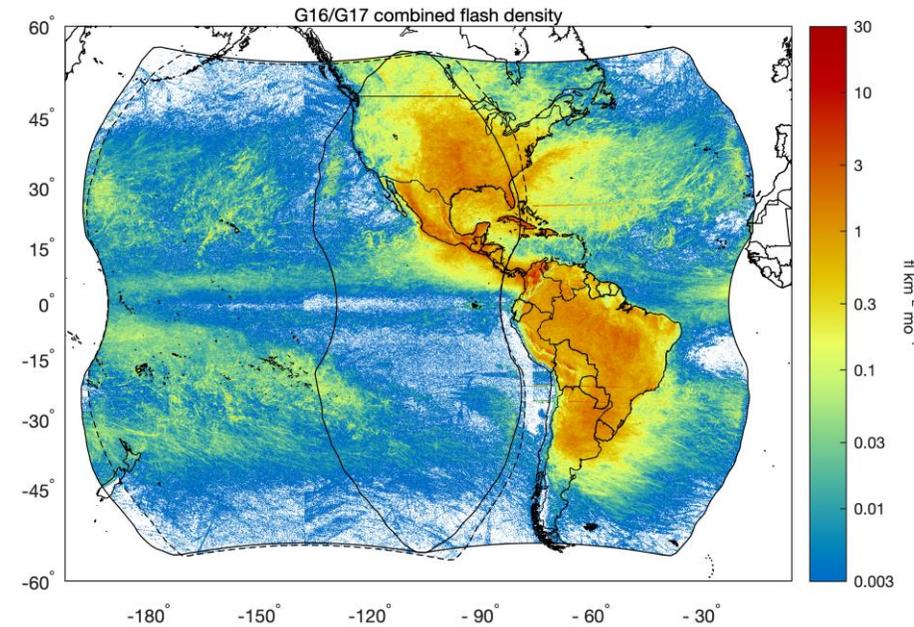
- The GLM clearly conveys convective patterns below cloud top in tropical cyclones (TCs) which helps better diagnosis TC structure and evolution and aids forecasts of TC intensity change including rapid intensification.



# Improving Climate Applications



- GLM data offer unique insights for monitoring climate-scale variability and response in a changing climate, a close link between lightning and convective cloud properties makes it an essential indicator of inter-annual to decadal change and a key variable for validating climate models.



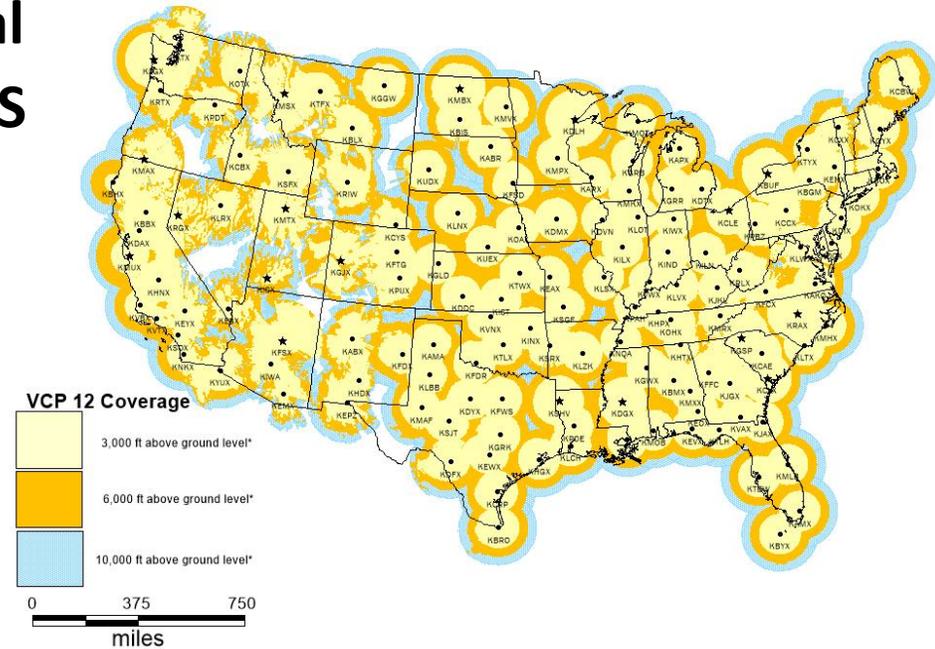
*Images from Rudlosky and Virts (2020) – under review*



# Value of Filling Data Gaps



- The GLM's broad spatial coverage and rapid temporal updates complement radar observations over CONUS to better support forecaster warning decisions, and rapidly updating GLM observations over vast (often data sparse) regions provide decision makers with information they need to forecast, monitor, and react to thunderstorm hazards.



*Hurricane Maria required FEMA/NWS San Juan to use GLM as a radar replacement to help the restoration crews avoid lightning, and as a proxy for heavy rainfall while the radar was being restored (September – April).*



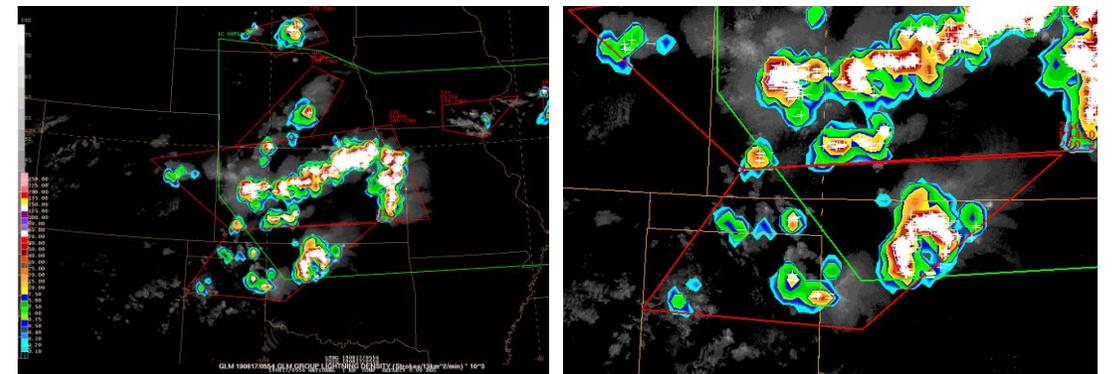
*Above: WSR-88D Radar Coverage  
Far Left: Shipping traffic density  
Left: Extreme weather-related radar damage*



# Value of Mitigating Aviation Hazards



- The GLM helps better characterize the lightning risk and increase confidence when suspending or continuing ramp operations, leading to enhanced safety, improved efficiency, and cost savings.
- The GLMs broad coverage and rapid updates provide tremendous cost savings to the aviation industry through improved diagnosis and avoidance of thunderstorm hazards, especially over oceans.



# Summary



- Only four years since becoming reality, the GLM is shown to be establishing a legacy of applications likely to become ubiquitous across a wide variety of meteorological domains.
- The GLM now provides a national and international baseline of freely available lightning data and establishes a baseline for widespread government and industry implementation.
- The GLM moves from traditional point sources of lightning information to a rapidly-updating 2-D map that accurately portrays the full spatial extent of lightning activity.
- Many operational users (e.g., NWS) have eagerly embraced this new source of lightning information and incorporated it into their workflow.
- The GLM value will quickly multiply as the realized benefits spread.
- Despite widespread use of lightning datasets, the GLM remains in its infancy and much of its value still waiting to be fully realized.

